

Q ==

Back

# The Effectiveness Of Cooling Broiler House Floors To Reduce Heat Stress

<u>International Journal of Environmental Sciences</u> • Article • 2025 •

#### **Abstract**

OBJECTIVE: This study aimed to evaluate the effectiveness of a floor cooling system in reducing heat stress in broiler chickens by assessing behavioral responses, heat transfer dynamics, and changes in rectal temperature. METHODS: Ten broiler chickens were randomly selected and placed in a climate-controlled glass house. The temperature inside was raised to 36°C before cooling the flooring. Body surface temperature, rectal temperature, floor temperature, and ambient temperature were recorded. Measurements were taken before and after cooling, and behavioral changes, particularly time spent lying down, were observed. Heat transfer from the chickens to the floor was also quantified. RESULTS: Chickens housed on cooled floors exhibited a significant increase (p < 0.05) in lying behavior, indicating an active thermoregulatory response. Heat transfer from the chickens' bodies to the floor was significantly higher (p < 0.05) in the cooled flooring group compared to the non-cooled group. Additionally, rectal temperature showed a significant reduction (p < 0.05) in chickens with floor cooling. CONCLUSION: Floor cooling effectively reduces body temperature and enhances thermal comfort in heat-stressed broilers. These findings highlight the potential of integrating cooling floors into poultry housing as a practical and cost-effective strategy to mitigate heat stress and improve bird welfare and productivity. © 2025, Academic Science Publications and Distributions. All rights reserved.

## Author keywords

Behavior; Broiler; Floor-Cooling; Heat-Stress

## Funding details

Details about financial support for research, including funding sources and grant numbers as provided in academic publications.

Funding sponsor	Funding number	Acronym
Department of Science		
University of Maysan		

#### **Funding text**

The authors thank the Department of Science, College of Basic Education, University of Maysan, for their support and resources. We also extend our sincere thanks to Professor Hashem Hanin for his valuable time and assistance in the Science Department.

# Corresponding authors

Corresponding author	A.A. Tarmooz
Affiliation	Pharmacology Department, College of medicine, University of Misan, Misan Province, Iraq
Email address	dr-afaf@uomisan.edu.iq
Corresponding author	T.H. Al-Yasiri
Affiliation	General Sciences Department, College of Basic Education, University of Misan, Misan Province, Iraq
Email address	taha_hassan@uomisan.edu.iq
Corresponding author	U.A.S. Al-Jarah
Affiliation	General Sciences Department, College of Basic Education, University of Misan, Misan Province, Iraq
Email address	drudayaaljarah@uomisan.edu.iq

© Copyright 2025 Elsevier B.V., All rights reserved.

## **About Scopus**

What is Scopus

Content coverage

Scopus blog

Scopus API

**Privacy matters** 

## Language

日本語版を表示する

查看简体中文版本

查看繁體中文版本

Просмотр версии на русском языке

### **Customer Service**

Help

**Tutorials** 

Contact us

#### **ELSEVIER**

#### Terms and conditions **¬** Privacy policy **¬** Cookies settings

All content on this site: Copyright © 2025 Elsevier B.V.  $\nearrow$ , its licensors, and contributors. All rights are reserved, including those for text and data mining, AI training, and similar technologies. For all open access content, the relevant licensing terms apply.

We use cookies to help provide and enhance our service and tailor content. By continuing, you agree to the use of cookies  $\supset$ .

